METEOROLOGICAL MEPORT. MEMPHIS, September 12, 1879. Bar. Ther Wind. Bain Weather

infimum thermometer, no tees, ainfall, 0.25 inches. B. T. DiBNEY. Private Signa', Corps, U. S. A. WEATHER OPACKVATIONS. B. T. DABNEY, Private Sig. Corps, U. S. A.

JAY GOULD, ten thousand dollars!

THE news comes from western Georgia

lowing pertinent question: "Why does the governor of Tennessee sit idle, with half a million in her State treasury, and allow her citizens to beg for bread? Shame should mantle the cheek of every citizen of the State

nominated the following State ticket: For governor, Benjamin F. Butler; lieutenantgovernor, Wendell Phillips; secretary of state, Jonathan Accold; treasurer, Wilbur F. Whitney; auditor, Davis J. King; attor ney-general, Horace B. Sargent.

MR. JAY GOULD has forwarded to the Howard association another five thousand dollar contribution, proving the sincerity of his promises by their faithful fulfillment. The Howards, though urged to do so by in timation in Mr. Gould's first dispatch, had determined to make no other appeal to Mr. Gould, and were surprised on receiving this second installment, coming as it did unso-

HERE is the kind of notification "poor black men" receive in Cincinnati:

August 29, 1879.—Mr. Page: You are commanded to leave town in thirty days, and in that time if you are not gone you will be shot down when you least expect it. By order of The Enquirer says that Page is an industrious colored barber, but it seems industry is no commendation for a man in the estimation of the assassins who live in Deacon

WELL, that settles it. Rule No. 6 is a fixture and no mistake. Dr. Plunket refuses to revoke it, "ad there's an end of it. By it we are forced to believe that no well regulated Setlow-fever germ, especially those born of such poisonous atmospheres which all the doctors say existed in 1878, will lose the opportunity of free transportation to other latitudes by refusing to take up its abode in every the cotton-seeds, plucked from the hoars fields adjacent to Memphis this season. The genius that invented the sentiment that pack up his talents and quit the business, as his pretty expression is knocked higher than a kite in the originality of Dr. Plunket's

A COLORED man is in Milwaukee trying to work up an interest in the exodus of colored ject is to raise two thousand five hundred dollars for the transportation of one hundred and fifty families for some western point not yet decided upon. According to the Milwankee Sentinel: "The cause of the exodus is owing mainly to their inability to ret a living in Arkantas, where most of

ently, it is welcome to do so," THE APPEAL'S theory of cremation as the which. In course has been from some center out. It has certainly never been brought to this country in cotton. Its spread to small of Commerce, \$5000; General R. E. Colston, only certain disinfectant for yellow-fever and towns has certainly not been due to cotton. Lexington, Virginia, \$20. Total, \$6169 35 er contagious and infectious disease poi-Dr. S. H. Collins, inspector of the National | the first cases have, we think, been wholly unboard of health, with the approval of Super- connected with the cotton trade. Cotton has intendent John Johnson, of the State board been put up in Memphis in 1873 and 1878, last evening, with Dr. T. H. Collins, inspector of health quarantine, has constructed a crematory under the bluff, between the foot of arisen from handling cetton. If any has crematory that has been erected at the foot M'Call and Beale streets, and will to-day originated in any factory in England, New begin the burning of all garbage, kitchen England, the east and north, or in any quarrefuse, etc., together with the rotten Nicolson blocks, the latter being the material to be used in keeping up a constant fire in the used in keeping up a constant fire in the seem to negative the idea that there is real that have been used by yellow-fever patients.

crematory for the purpose. A description of danger from his source. Cotton is only put the affair, as obtained by a representative of the heart and the Appeal on the spot yesterday, will be winter, when there is no danger, and in the feet; the walls are twenty inches thick, with the Appeal on the spot yesterday, will be winter, when there is no tanger, and in the found in another column of this morning's next season, if cases might occur from the cubic feet. A road has been graded from Appeal. We look forward to splendid results, though the test is being made too late show that they have not occurred. The case where the bedding or other infected we would wish. But since it has, even at this late day, been determined to try the subject. If the facts are as we believe them, virtue of fire as a disinfectant, we hope the the policy adopted is unnecessary. We do furnace, convenient of access and of suffi-

cause it may become a propagator of epi-demic. The ordinary sir would be quarantimed if it was subject to the State board.

—Brownseille Democrat, 19th.

Our neighbor is correct. We are always right, but somehow the various boards of health have got us by the stomach this time. While there is no legal requirement that subordinate health bodies should be governed by the National or State board, or one of these by the other, yet we are given plainly to understand that if we refuse to "co-operate" we must go hungry, and sleep in the fence corners. Dr. Plunket, of the State board, unwittingly gave his reasons, such as they are, for the creation of Rule No. 6, which was duly published and panic stricken. Physicians from this point even courageous enough

access to correspondence between itself and without them.

the National board of health on the subject, We are told, however, that there has been a urprising amount of sentiment favoring the rigid enforcement of Rule No. 6 embodied in of health, enough to justify Mr. Johnson, the board's superintendent of Memphis, to advise Dr. Plunket that he had better let Rule No. 6 remain as it is. Perhaps he is right from his standpoint, and, if so, the people would like to know the why and wherefor.

WE hear from a reliable source that Dr. W. E. Rogers was yesterday relieved of duty as Three Deaths, Including Two Whites, inspector on the National board of health. Dr. Rogers stands in the front rank of the medical profession in the south, and has given the investigation of epidemic diseases, particularly yellow-fever, the best hours of his life and perhaps has come as near the truth of the origin, causes and process of propagation of yellow-fever as any of his brethren in the profession. He saw Dr. Plunket's Rule No. , and appreciating perhaps the silliness of the alleged danger to be averted by inflicting such that an alarming disease is raging there, an outrageous restriction upon this community

more fatal in its effects than the most malig in prohibiting the ginning and baling of cotnant attacks of yellow-fever, and equal to ton for market, addressed a communication what was represented of the black plague of to Dr. Atchison, of the State board of health embracing his (Dr. Rogers's) opinions, earned n actual service battling with the disease THE Tipton County Record asks the fol- during several epidemics, including that unprecedented visitation of last year, why that odious rule should be revoked. To this act Dr. Rogers attributes his removal. From this we are to understand that intelligence and experience are qualifications not desired among the officials of either the State or National board of health. THE Massachusetts Greenbackers yesterday | There are other medical gentlemen, like Dr. Rogers, who stand in the front rank of their profession, yet in the service of both these boards in and about Memphis, who may profit by the action against Dr. Rogers. Mum's the word, or off goes your head.

> Is THERE a genius capable of inventing a defense of the people of Tennessee against what appears below, clipped from the editorial columns of the Chicago Tribune, of Wennesday? The rebuke is instigated by the recent visit of President Langstaff, on behalf of the Howards, to that city, and while we must condemn the harshness of the Tribune's comments, born alone of political prejudices against the people of the south, we are forced to admit that it is no more than we expected when we opposed the Howard's appeal to the world, before the people of our own State had been afforded an opportunity to lend us the helping hand they were abundantly able and, we believe, stood ready to do: "While there is probably no doubt that the mission of Mr. Langstaff in this city will be successful, and that the people of Chicago will not hesitate to come forward again and relieve the sufferers in Memphis, who refuse to go into camp where provision to made for them, it is none the fess shameful that the large and wealthy State of Tennessee, after what has already been done for her, should send a representative here to beg for fresh contributions before she has taken a dollar out of her own pocket. She has a million and a half of inhabitants. Her crops are excellent, and she is comparatively well off, and the fever has only touched a single city in her bounds. It is hard to look on without protest at these people bawling for 'State sovereignty' and at the same time begging the national north "to help them. While the north always does its duty and comes to the rescue of the unfortunate with alacrity

when there is real need, as it did last summer, at the same time it cannot fail to recognize the contemptible attitude of the people of that State toward the north. Sup pose that the yellow-fever should break out in Peoria, Illinois, for instance, and the resources of that place were exhausted or inadequate; would Illinois send her representa-

tives to the south begging for help? If she did, it would not happen until she had first put her hand in her own pocket." THE Nashville American "does" the Plunket Rule No. 6 mildly, but is forcibly sensible in its temperate tone, as follows: "Whatever work on plantations, and receive only is essential to prevent spread of disease must the benefit of the Howard association.

JOHN R. M'CLURE, Treasurer Pittsburg Bellef Committee crops for their services. The political tyranny | be done without regard to trade. It will be the whites, lack of educational advan- well, however, for the board of health to exsigned as additional reasons for leaving their present homes." The St. Louis Republican present homes." The St. Louis Republican I necessary. If unnecessary, it is cruel to inthinks this may be a plausible story to tell | jure Memphis with any other embarrassment. in Wisconsin, and says: "Down here in It can only be determined by experience. their noble work in your stricken city. Very Missouri we look upon it as somewhat The course of yellow-fever in every epidemic respectfully, apochrypul. There are very few points in that has occurred in this country has been its Arkansas where the negro hasn't quite as good a show as the white man to secure a fair return for his labor, but if Milwaukee is willing to pay two thousand five hundred dollars for the satisfaction of thinking differently, it is welcome to do so."

that has occurred in this country has been its introduction into some city from which it has spread along lines of travel to other towns and cities or, it has originated spontaneously and then spread, or it has remained over from a former epidemic. It matters not which. The course has been from some centre.

A Lady, Cairo, Illinois, \$50; United Friends Lodge, No. 91, Mississippi, (Masonic) per J. L. Power, \$50; Citizens of Carrolton, Mississippi, per W. B. Helen, \$17.35; and then spread, or it has remained over from a former epidemic. It matters not which. The course has been from some centre. which. The course has been from some cen-There is no evidence that it has ever been taken to Memphis in cotton. On the contrary

ate its benefits as completely as may be one for precautions, but it seems to articles which may compose the load, hav-

A Strange Disease Creating Conster-nation in Western Georgia. Atlanta special to the Louisville Courier Journal, 10th: "A strange and fatal disease of the malarial-fever type is creating con-sternation among the people in three or four counties in the western part of this State. Out of fifty-eight persons attacked within the past three weeks only three have recovered. The disease has some characterist of typhoid fever, but is more rapid and fatal. out appearing to be contagious, and there seems to be no way to check it. No local cause can be assigned for it. The people are

being some of will go to the troubled district." THE "woman's friend" is what Dr. Bull's to ridicule it. Now we see the result in the Baltimore pills may well be termed, for every refusal of the State board to allow reporterial woman that has once used them will not

YELLOW-FEVER.

orrespondence of citizens to the State board | Board of Health Reports for Yesterday -New Cases, Ten Whites and Eleven Colored Inside the City, Two Whites Outside - Deaths, Six Whites and Two Colored.

> Outside City-President Langstaff. of Howards, at Chicago-Jay Gould's Second Munificent Donation-Other Contributions - Crematory -Other Points.

Twenty-one new cases and eight deaths inside the city limits, and two new cases and three deaths outside, make up the official report for yesterday. The report shows that the fever is again increasing and spreading, which is accounted for by physicians in the change of weather since Thursday evening, it becoming damp and sultry, weather said by them to be extremely favorable to the spread of the disease. Be this as it may, however, the number of new cases and deaths have increased and deathy.

creased suddenly. New Cases Friday. Kate Burns, 5 years, Broadway and Orleans.
Robert Morgan, 37 years, Greenlaw.
Barbara Axtman, 40 years, Fourth and Greenlaw
Willie Biglow, 12 years, 83 Fourth.
Mary Dargis, 16 years, 211 Carolina.
Carrie Sheed, 17 years, Union, near Lauderdale
Molly Madden, 18 years, 380 Beale.
Perry D. Harrison, 18 years, Lauderdale and Jes Claude B. Prestidge, 12 years, Lauderdale

COLORED. COLORED.

Isabella Russell, 1 year, Humphreys.
Caroline Brown. 48 years, Srcamore and Third.
V. Lowry, 51 years. 42 Fourth.
Henriett Taylor, 18 years. 118 Exchange.
Julia Bideout, 11 years, 354 Beale.
Lizzle Sanders, 23 years, 445 Pontotoc.
Nelson Thomas, 35 years, Hill and Charleston.
Julia Thomas, 11 years, Hill and Charleston.
J. H. Gordon, 48 years, 77 Madison.
Henry Johnson, 25 years, Linden.
Mary Lane, 38 years, 16 Walnut.

Outside City. Outside City. Mary Guy, 23 years, Bass avenue. H. H. Eanes, 38 years, Horn Lake road.

Deaths Friday. WHITES. Carl Valandre, 38 years, city hospital Fhomas Ward, 2 years, city hospital. W. H. Hamner. 20 years, 265 Union J. B. Piaggio, 27 years, 54 Main. Mary D. Lee, 24 years, 85 Third, Wm. E. Lee, 12 years, 85 Third. COLORED.

Outside City, W. W. Wood, 20 years, Lucy Station. Mrs. E. C. Baxter, 28 years, Kerr ave COLORED. William Wilson, 45 years, M'Lemore avenue Unofficial New Cases. The Howards sent out twenty nurses resterding the Howard books showed the following cases among whites last evening:
Bichard Sharp, Poplar street boulevard.
Joseph Sharp, Poplar street boulevard.
Mrs. Hannah O'Brien, 180 Carolina.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

FROM JAY GOULD. NEW YORK, September 12, 1879. W. J. Smith, Acting President Howard Associatio I send you by telegraph an additional five thousand dollars to-day. JAY GOULD. MEMPHIS, TENN., September 12, 1879. Jay Gould, Esq., New York City:

Your second draft for five thousand dollars reached us to-day. Words are inadequate to express the grateful sense which the Howard association has of your princely generosity; but we hope by deeds of kindness to the suf-ferers—impossible but for your timely help to prove that we are not altogether unworthy to be the almoners of your bounty.
W. J. SMITH.
Acting President Howard Association

SUBSCRIPTION OF COAL. TENNESSEE COAL AND RAILROAD COMPANY, ASSIVILLE, TENN., September 9, 1879. hn Johnson, Memphis, Tennessee: DEAR SIR-If you will have the empty cars sent to our mines, I will return you ten car loads lump coal for use at Memphisfive from our company and five from myself.

PITTSBURG RELIEF COMMITTEE. PITTSBURG, Pa., September 12, 1879. W. J. Smith, Acting President-Howard Association Draw at sight for one thousand dollars for FROM A LADY.

SIR—Inclosed please find money-order for fifty dollars, to aid the Howard association in

TO HOWARD ASSOCIATION.

A GARBAGE CREMATORY. A representative of the APPEAL visited, city garbage. WHAT A FEDERAL SAYS.

To the Memphis Press: Seeing an appeal in the Cincinnati Enquirer for destitute ex-Federal soldiers of Memphis, stating that the Howard association and city authorities both neglect to care for ex-Federal soldiers, I feel called upon as an enlisted soldier of the United States army,

BY TELEGRAPH. New Cases at Morgan City and New Or-leans.

new cases of yellow-fever at Morgan City and two mild cases in New Orleans, Mr. Langstaff at Pittsburg.

Thorse P of b

PITTSBURG, September 12.—A meeting of the relief committee for the Memphis sufferers was held in the chamber of commerce this morning, and was well attended. Hon, James H. Hopkins, presiding, introduced Mr. A. D. Langstaff, who addressed the meeting at length in behalf of the stricken city and the methods of relief followed by the Howards. His urgent appeal for the sufferers was heard with profound attention by those present, and a donation of one thousand dollars was quickly made. At the conclusion of his address new officers of the committee were elected and the committee Special to the Appeal. committee were elected and the committee put in working order. The meeting then adjourned. Mr. Langstaff sent the following

To W. J. Smith, Acting President of the Howard At a public meeting this morning gener-ous Pittsburg sends suffering Memphis an impromptu donation of one thousand dolars.
A. D. LANGSTAFF.
Mr. Langstaff left for New York this even

PRESIDENT LANGSTAFF DEFENDS THE HOW ARDS OF MEMPHIS. Chicago News, 8th: "The following card, in reply to certain strictures upon the management of the Howard association, which appeared in a telegram to Saturday's Daily News, will explain itself:

"PALMER HOUSE, CHICAGO, September 8.

BY MAIL

'To the Editor of the News: "Referring to certain statements appearing in your issue of September 6th, reflecting very unjustly upon the Howard association of Memphis, I desire to advise you: The appeal of the Howard association was not made until every dollar was exhausted. All meetings til every dollar was exhausted. All meetings of the association are open to the public and to reporters of the press. Before any money is expended by the association there must be a voucher showing for what purpose the money is needed. The executive committee pass on all bills and authorize expenditures. All donations, however small, are deposited, when received by the association, in bank; from which they can only be drawn by order of the secretary, approved by the president. A voucher or receipt is returned for every cent expended. Our books and papers are open to the criticism and examination of the public. Tis very mortifying to the members of the association who are standing between of the association who are standing between the pestilence and the rest of the world, and

who have no reward but a desire to serve hu-manity, to have their acts so falsely maligned and misstated. Respectfully, "A. D. LANGSTAFF, "President Howard Association, Memphis "Mr. Langstaff addressed the board of trade to-day upon the work of the Howards. He goes to Pittsburg to-night."

TREASURER POLK'S MISSION. Nashville American, 10th: "State Treasurer Marsh T. Polk, who recently went to Washington at the suggestion of Governor Marks, returned home last night. He says that astonishment was expressed at Washington that the State should have asked for aid in labels of Marshington that the State should have asked for thought Tennessee should make provision for that city. The secretary of war said that a bill had been introduced into congress, but not passed, making provision for such emergencies as yellow-fever epidemics. Instead of passing the bill, congress established the National board of health, and appropriated five handred and fifty thousand dollars to its use. Aid could be obtained through this body. But the board of health announced that it could take no other action than to use every necessary measure to prevent the spread of the fever into other States. It would appropriated money to establish new camps and provide food for those who should desire to go out of Memphis, but could only do this for twenty does and the forthese who should do this for twenty days, and that fer the pur-pose of observing whether any refugee was free from the disease. Treasurer Poik says that he was treated with the utmost cordiality, and much sympathy was expressed for suffering Memphis."

WAR IN KENTUCKY.

Another Outbreak in Carter County-Squire Helbrook and Billy Un-derwood Shet and Instantly Killed.

Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.

GRAYSON, September 9.—Reports reach here to-day of another murder committed near Olive Hill, Carter county, the place where the difficulty between the Underwoods and Holbrooks occurred two years ago. On last Friday morning, about eight o'clock, 'Squire V. Holbrook and his son Miller, while going to the pasture to catch a horse, were fired upon from the bush by two unknown parties. The elder Holbrook was shot through The son being armed with a revolver returned the fire with five shots without effect. 'Squire Holbrook was the leader of the party who two years ago were arrayed against the Underwoods. At that time George Lewis Un-derwood was wounded in the bowels and lingered until two weeks ago, when he died. At the news of his death, two of his brothers returned from the west, and it is supposed that 'Squire Holbrook was killed to avenge the death of George Lewis Underwood. More trouble is feared, as young Holbrook is low the death of his father to go unavenged.

SHARP'S CLUB PRACTICE.

A Fiendish and Cold-Blooded Murder in Vinton County, and a Probable Upon His Wife and Daughter.

Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer. 1

one of the most horrible murders ever perpe trated occurred at a small town called Pratts ville, three miles from this place. John Sharp, a resident of this county, having a wife and family living in a part of the dwell-inghouse of D. G. Berjamin, uncle of the wife of John Sharp, in Prattsville, Ohio, had trouble with his wife this morning at the time stated, and Mr. Benjamin hearing bois-terous talk between Sharp and his wife, thought he would go in to see what the trouble was, and upon entering at the door de-manded of Sharp what all that fuss was about. Sharp remarked that he had better stay out or he would show him what the trouble was. Benjamin ordered Sharp to behave himself, and leave his house, and stop abusing his wife. Sharp remarked that he would not; and that he could not make him. Benjamin told him he would, and started toward him, and at the same time Sharp gathered up a piece of stove-wood, and com-menced beating Mr. Benjamin over the head, the policy adopted is unnecessary. We do not assert that the facts are as we believe extent that every infected article of bedding, clothing or other thing liable to retain the poison through the winter will be destroyed.

PLUNKET'S Rule No. 6 werries our Memphis friends and they want it abated. The Memphis people are right. Memphis has become a saddy infected place when it is feared to stand in the way of the general health."

the policy adopted is unnecessary. We do not assert that the facts are as we believe them, because a knowledge based on general reading and conclusions drawn from a current recollection of events, cannot be present thorities, assisted by Health-Officer Jackson, will begin from to-day, the thirdenth, to destroy by fire all the dry garbage, kitchen refuse, etc., together with Mr. Johnson and the city and the continually burn.

APPEAL last spring, and Dr. Collins having conferred with Mr. Johnson and the city and the victive, assisted by Health-Officer Jackson, will begin from to-day, the thirdenth, to destroy by fire all the dry garbage, kitchen refuse, etc., together with Mr. Johnson and the city and the victive, assisted by Health-Officer Jackson, will begin from to-day, the thirdenth, to do not assist the dry garbage, kitchen refuse, etc., together with Mr. Johnson and the city and the voitive, as sufficient to ca and continued until he mashed his skull in helped to lay the old man on the bed, as no nelped to lay the old man on the bed, as no one was present except the old wife of D. G. Benjamin and Sharp's children. When this was done, Sharp walked to the door, and, saying good-by to all, disappeared, and immediately concealed himself in a belt of woods some two miles distant, and as yet has not been asset as a second of the concealed himself. has not been arrested. The news was taken to William Coterille, sheriff of this county, about ten o'clock this forenoon, and he with an enlisted soldier of the United States army, to say that the accusation is without foundation and untrue. During my recent illness I received every attention that could be bestowed by efficient nurses, furnished by the Howard association, and have always been treated with respect and due consideration by the officials of Memphis. Respectfully, Private Signal Corps United States Army, in charge of Signal Station, Memphis, Tennessee. and to aid them all he could in making a living, and by so doing has caused the sting of jealousy to arise in the bosom of Sharp, and it was from this cause that the quarrel Special to the Appeal. I was from this cause that the quarer arose this morning. Mr. Benjamin was a minister of the gospel and of good standing in society, was about seventy years of age, and leaves a wife but no unmarried children.

COMMITTEE OF SAFETY.

Executive Committee Meeting Yesterday -Bills Allowed-Camp Report-Report on Furnishing the Sick with Medicine, Etc., by the Howards and Taxing-District.

Election of General W. J. Smith to the Office of Camp Superintendent-Purchasing Committee Selected to Aid Him in His Work-The Military Again Satisfied.

At the usual hour yesterday afternoon the executive committee of the safety committee met at the Planters insurance building; President D. T. Porter in the chair. The lowing business was transacted.

BILLS READ AND ALLOWED. D. F. Goodyear, \$8 15; C. W. Goyer & Co., \$126 27; Furstenheim & Wellford, \$95; J. W. Avery & Co., \$130 20; John Zent, \$11 95; Orgill Bros. & Co., \$22 39; W. H. Horton & Co., \$7 55. FROM THE CAMPS.

The report on camps for yesterday showed twenty-two hundred and seventy-one persons in camps, one death, and twenty hundred and eighty-seven rations issued.

Dr. Abercrombie in his report on Camp Marks, yesterday, said: "Charles Johnson, a negro, twenty-one years old, was found dead in his bed; he died of epilepsy. Two patients are under treatment for yellow-fever, Ada Cushman, twenty-two years, and Henry Smith, who has a very severe attack.

tients not provided for by charitable societies, and in all cases when necessary.

2. All the indigent sick of other disease except yellow-fever, who are unable to employ nurses or purchase medicines, or friends to do the same, will be provided for at the hospital of the Taxing-District.

3. That all Howard or other physicians be requested to notify all parties who may call upon them for medical attendance, that the board of health will prescribe and furnish medicines at hospital or city dispensary to such as are embraced in the preceding resolution.

D. T. PORTER,

D. F. GOODYEAR,

D. F. GOODYEAR, MARCUS JONES.

OTHER BUSINESS. On motion the pay of superintendent of camp; was fixed at one hundred dollars per month, if so much be necessary. CAMP SUPERINTENDENT. On motion of Dr. D. F. Goodyear, General

W. J. Smith was elected superintendent of PURCHASING COMMITTEE. On motion a purchasing committee of three was elected to aid General Smith in part of his duties: Dr. D. T. Porter, W. J. Chase, S. P. Read.

THE MILITARY SATISFIED. Rev. Dr. Boggs, of the committee on expenses, reported that his committee had a conference with Captains Glass and Brown, of the two colored military companies camped on the bluff, and stated to them emphatically that if they did not desire to live up to the original agreement the committee of safety would immediately sever all connection with them and their services would no longer be required. The captains agreed to abide by the original agreement, which was that the military looked to the State for their pay, and to the committee for rations for them-

hundred dollars to each company at the close of the epidemic: The report was adopted. There being no further business before the committee an adjournment was had to this A Dog with Yellow-Fever. Washington Post: "Dr. Sternberg sends the following to the National board of health: Eposure of animals (two dogs, two cats, one monkey, two rabbits, three Guinea pige, two gecese and three chickens) upon the infected bark John Welsh, jr., for two days, was not followed by any noticeable symptoms except from the ship in apparent good health, but on the following day a sharp attack of fever was developed, which continued two days; the temperature reached one hundred and followed by coma. The dog recovered, and more experiments must be made before an

Who Has Not Been Billous? Probably no one. Doubtless we have all suffered to some extent the disagreeable sensations which disordered or languid liver can inflict. Sallownes the vicinity of the organ affected, a sensation as of congestion in the head, positive headache, a loss of appetite, extreme thirst, a high color of the urine are among the symptoms which announce a perversion or vittation of the bile. The remedy of reme dies for the above is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, ad ministered by medical men; pronounced pure and me by them, and popular as a comprehen sive family medicine, and as a specific preventive and remedy for chills and fever and billous remit-tents throughout America, and to a wide extent in foreign countries. Disorders in the stomach and bowels, as well as liver, are speedly remediable with this popular and time-honored medicine.

opinion can be given as to whether this at tack of fever resulted from exposure to the

ZALESKI, September 8 .- At seven o'clock SO say the ladies of their beauty, when the mirror shows them their once jet or golden ringlets streaked with gray; but never was there a more FALSE CONCLUSION. Though the hair be as white as Time's own forelock, or, worse still, as red as a flery meteor, PRESTO! it is invested in a moment with the most magnificent black or brown by the agency of CHAS. TADORO'S HAIR DYE, a perfectly wholesome and purely vegetable preparation. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 98 William street, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indis retions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was

Sattion D., New York City. PRESCRIPTION FREE For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscre tion or excess. Any druggist has the ingrediente

Address DAVIDSON & CO., 78 Nassau st., New Yor DIED. SILVER-At sectionhouse, four miles south of this

city, September 11, 1879, of debility, CHARLES

WILL CONTINUE OPEN, HAVING large stock of GROCERIES, are pre pared to serve customers. Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments of cotton.

R. L. Cochran & Co. MANUFACTURERS OF LUMBER, LATH AND SHINGLES, WILL BRMAIN OPEN DURING THE SUMMER, Mr. G. M. Guerrant in charge, who will give prompt attention to all orders.

CLIFFORD'S **FEBRIFUCE** CURE. ERADICATES ALL MALARIAL DISEASES from the SYSTEM. J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop.

COTTON FACTORS

Wholesale Grocers. 300 FRONT ST., MEMPHIS.

24 S. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS.

Owing to the continuance of yellow-fever in Memphis, we have opened a Branch House at No 24 South Main street, St. Louis, Mo., where we will be pleased to receive from our patrons, friends and the public generally their shipments of Cotton, which will be sold to the best advantage. Orders for merchandise filled at lowest rates. Our Memphis house will remain open. PORTER, TAYLOR & CO. S. M. McCALLUM.

COTTON FACTORS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS No. 336 FRONT ST. 219 CHESTNUT ST. Memphis, Tenn. St. Louis, Mo.

We have opened an office at 219 Chestnut street, St. Louis, for the purpose of serving our customers and friends until the fever abates. Our Mr. MULLINS will make BARTLETF, TENN., his headquarters. We also have a competent man at our office in Memphis, who will receive all Cotton consigned to us at that point, and will advance liberally on it, either in cash or merchandise.

A.M.BOYD & SONS 336 FRONT ST., MEMPHIS,

Are still open, and hope to serve their friends through this epidemic as they did the last. Orders to points que rantined will be filled in St. Louis or Cincinnati. As soon as Cotton comes in, their shed will be opened, and liberal Cash Advances made on same. Arrangements will be made to sell Cotton in St. Louis and Cincinnati. Shipments consigned to us at either place will receive our best attention.

FULMEN, BURTON & CO

VVHOLESALE Grocers. Cotton Factors

And Commission Merchants. Nos. 371 and 373 Man street, Memphis, Tenn.

DILLARD, COFFIN & CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Cotton Factors, 219 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo. HAVING TEMPORARILY ESTABLISHED OURSELVES HERE ARE PREPARED TO FILL OR-ders of our friends, as usual, during prevalence of yellow-fever in Memphis.

J. T. FARGASON JAMES A. HUNT. C. C. HEIN. R. A. PARKER J. T. FARGASON & CO. Wholesale Grocers, Cotton Factors

219 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.

M. GAVIN & Co. Wholesale Grocers and Cotton Factors,

232 Front St., Memphis, & 16 S. Commercial street, St. Louis, Mo. AVING TO CLOSE OUR HOUSE AT MEMPHIS, TENN., DURING THE PREVALENCE OF YELlow-fever, we have located here, at No. 16 South Commercial street, temporarily. We have all the
advantages of old-established merchants here, and can assure our old friends, and new ones, too, that any
business intrusted to us while here shall have our prompt attention, and the full benefit of our long experience in our line of business. Consignments of Cotton and orders for goods in our line solicited, and
perfect satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. TERMS CASH. HARPMANN & Bro.

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Etc., 286 Main St., Memphis, Tenn., and 310 East 54th St., New York. OUR HOUSE WILL CONTINUE OPEN DURING THE SEASON, WHERE ALL COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed. We are prepared to fill orders with our usual promptness and at low prices. Remittar ces will be thankfully received. To those of our cu-tomers residing along the roads quarantined against Memphis, we will fill orders from New York. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CHICKASAWIRONWORKS RANDLE & LIVERMORE, Prop's, 98 Second St., opp. Market Square, Memphis.

House Fronts, Wrought and Cast Fencing, all kinds Iron and Brass Castings, Cotten Presses, Gin-Geating Pulleys, Sharring, Bolts, Pipe and Fittings, Brass Goods, Governors, Engines, General Repairs, and everything in line of Foundry or Machine-shep Work. SEED FOR 1. LUSTRATED CATALOGUES. M. C. PEARCE, PEARCE, SUGGS & CO..

WHOLESALE GROCERS. Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants No. 258 Front street, Temphis, Tenn. ARTICULAS ATTENTION PAID TO THE SALE OF COTTO

OLD PAPERS

25 Cents Per 100

Appeal Office.

H. M. GAGE. W. A. GAGE. W. A. GAGE & BRO. COTTON FACTORS And Commission Merchants,

No. 222 North Commercial Street, ST. LOUIS, MO., No. 300 Front Street, Memphis.

W E have opened an office in St. Louis, where we are prepared to handle cotton and attend the wants of our customers and friends until the fever abates. Will also receive cotton at Memphis. All communications should be addressed us, No. 222 North Commercial street, St. Louis, Mo.

W. A. GAGE & BRO.

U

NOTICE

Railroad & Telegraph Assessm'nts

SENATE CHAMBER,
NASHVILLE, TENN., September, 1879.
We, the undersigned, Railroad and Telegraph
Tax-assessors for the State of Tennessee, hereby
give notice, as the law directs, that we have completed the assessments of the following Railroads
and Telegraphs, to-wit:

Alebama and Chattanooga. Cheinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston, Duck River Valley. East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia (Eastern

Rolle Fon Company.
Rogersville and Jefferson.
Tennessee Coal and Bailroad Company.
Tennessee and Pacific.
St.-Louis and Southeastern.
Western and Allantic.
Winchester and Alabama.
Cincinnati Southern.
Nashville and Tuscaloosa.
Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.
Western Union Telegraph Company.

All parties interested in the same are hereby notified that they may, within ten lays from Monday, the 15th inst., appear before the said Board of Assessors, at Nashville, Tenn., and file objections to the same with any proof they may desire.

GEO, R. M'CLELLAN,

JESSE ARLEDGE,

JOHN H. GLASS, Assessors.

H. S. SHIED, Secretary.

HOWARD ORPHAN ASYLUM COMMITTEE.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION HAVING ESTABlished an Orphan Asylum for the care of such as are made orphans by the present epidemic, all persons having orphans in charge will please report the same to the chairman of this committee, as the Howard Association will not be respon-libe for any charges for the care of same otherwise than at its own asylum.

P. W. SEMMES,
Chairman of Committee.

J. W. X. BROWNE, PLUMBER

GAS-FITTER.

HAS REMOVED TO 37 South Court Street. THE SHOP WILL REMAIN OPEN, AND ORDERS for Plumbing and Gas-fitting will receive prompt